UNIVERSITY OF MUMBAI



Revised Syllabus for S.Y.B.Sc. Program: B.Sc.

Course: MICROBIOLOGY (USMB)

(Choice Based Credit System with effect from the Academic year 2017-18)

Preamble

Choice Based Credit System (CBCS) was introduced by our University from the academic year 2016-2017. Objective is to create a curriculum where students are given a chance to learn course of their choice from other subjects, giving them opportunity to choose from a bouquet of Science Courses relevant to their curiosity and future career goal.

The process was initiated with restructuring of FYBSc syllabus according to this CBCS pattern and its implementation in year 2016-2017. As a continuation of this theme, the restructured syllabus of SYBSc is prepared as per the CBCS pattern. As a part of this theme, in SYBSc Paper III in all subjects is available to any BSc student irrespective of their subject combination. So students of any subject interested in Microbiology can opt for Paper III of Microbiology course. Likewise Microbiology Students can opt for Paper III of any subject available in their College. Since this paper is open to all students, 2 options are created to provide diversity of applied topics and choice for student and students can select any one option (provided it is offered by their college) relevant to their curiosity and future career goal.

S.Y.B.Sc Microbiology Syllabus (General Outline) Revised for Choice Based Credit System To be implemented from the Academic year 2017-18 Semester III

	SEMESTER III		
Course Code	Title	Credits	Lectures / week
USMB-301 Theory	Biomolecules and Microbial taxonomy	2 Credits (45 lectures)	3
Unit-I	Estimation of Biomolecules	15 lectures.	1
Unit-II	Nucleic acid structure and chemistry	15 lectures.	1
Unit-III	Microbial Taxonomy	15 lectures.	1
USMB-302 Theory	Environmental Microbiology	2 Credits (45 lectures)	3
Unit-l	Air Microbiology	15 lectures.	1
Unit-II	Fresh Water & Sewage Microbiology	15 lectures.	1
Unit-III	Soil and Geo Microbiology	15 lectures.	1
USMB-303 Option A Theory	Introduction to Clinical Microbiology	2 Credits (45 lectures)	3
Unit-I	Basic Microbiology	15 lectures.	1
Unit-II	Common infectious diseases, Epidemiology and public health awareness	15 lectures.	1
Unit-III	Control of Microorganisms & Safety in Clinical Microbiology	15 lectures.	1
	OR		
USMB-303 Option B	Basic and Advanced Microbiology	2 Credits (45 lectures)	3
Unit-I	Basics of Microbiology	15 lectures.	1
Unit-II	Physical and chemical agents for Microbial Control	15 lectures.	1
Unit-III	Basic r DNA technology and Bioinformatics	15 lectures.	1
USMBP-3	PRACTICALS	3 Credits	9
SECTION-1	Biomolecules and Microbial taxonomy (Practicals Based On Unit-I,II & III Of USMB-301	1 Credit (45 lectures)	3
SECTION-2	Environmental Microbiology (Practicals Based On Unit-I,II & III Of USMB-302	1 Credit (45 lectures)	3
SECTION-3	Option A: Introduction to Clinical Microbiology (Practicals Based On Unit-I,II & III Of USMB-303 Option A)	1 Credit (45 lectures)	3
Any One Option	Option B: Basic and Advanced Microbiology (Practicals Based On Unit-I,II & III Of USMB-303 Option B)	1 Credit (45 lectures)	3

S.Y.B.Sc Microbiology Syllabus (General Outline) Revised for Choice Based Credit System To be implemented from the Academic year 2017-18 Semester IV

	SEMESTER IV		
Course Code	Title	Credits	Lectures / week
USMB-401 Theory	Metabolism & Basic Analytical Techniques	2 Credits (45 Lectures)	3
Unit-l	Introduction To Metabolism & Bioenergetics	15 lectures.	1
Unit-II	Enzyme Kinetics	15 lectures.	1
Unit-III	Analytical techniques	15 lectures.	1
USMB-402 Theory	Applied Microbiology	2 Credits (45 Lectures)	3
Unit-I	Host defence and public health (Epidemiology of infectious diseases)	15 lectures.	1
Unit-II	Food Microbiology	15 lectures.	1
Unit-III	Dairy Microbiology	15 lectures.	1
USMB-403 Option A Theory	Fermented Foods, Food Sanitation and Microbial Ecology	2 Credits (45 lectures)	3
Unit-I	Fermented Foods	15 lectures.	1
Unit-II	Food Sanitation	15 lectures.	1
Unit-III	Microbial evolution and ecology	15 lectures.	1
USMB-403 Option B Theory	Advances & Applications Of Microbiology and Soft Skills	2 Credits (45 lectures)	3
Unit-I	Nanobiotechnology, Biofilms and biosensors with applications	15 lectures.	1
Unit-II	Scientific writing, research methodology and Biostatistics	15 lectures.	1
Unit-III	Biofertiliser, Biopesticide, Bioremediation	15 lectures.	1
		T	
USMBP-4	PRACTICALS	3 Credits	9
SECTION-1	Metabolism & Basic Analytical Techniques (Practicals Based On Unit-I,II & III Of USMB-401	1 Credit (45 lectures)	3
SECTION-2	Applied Microbiology (Practicals Based On Unit-I,II & III Of USMB-402	1 Credit (45 Lectures)	3
SECTION-3 Any One	Option A Fermented Foods, Food Sanitation and Microbial Ecology (Practicals Based On Unit-I,II & III Of USMB-403 Option A)	1 Credit (45 Lectures)	3
Option	Option B Advances & Applications Of Microbiology and Soft Skills (Practicals Based On Unit-I,II & III Of USMB-403 Option B)	1 Credit (45 Lectures)	3

S.Y.B.Sc Microbiology: Detail Syllabus Revised for Credit Based Semester & Grading System To be implemented from the academic year 2017-18

Bachelor of Science in Microbiology Duration: Six Semesters				
	SEMESTER III			
Course Code	Title	Credits	Notional Periods	
USMB-301 Theory	Biomolecules and Microbial taxonomy	2 Credits (45 lectures)	Self Study (45)	
	Unit I: Estimation Of Biomolecules	15 Lectures	1	
	1a. Macromolecular composition of a microbial cell	1		
	1b. Methods of elemental analysis: Carbon ,Nitrogen and Phosphorus	3		
	Estimation of Proteins and amino acids Proteins by Biuret method (Direct and indirect) Amino acids by Ninhydrin method	3		
Unit-I	1d. Estimation of Carbohydrates Total carbohydrates by Anthrone method Reducing Sugars (maltose) by DNSA method Reducing sugar Felhing's method	3	15	
	1e. Extraction of Lipids by Soxhlet method	1		
	Estimation of Nucleic acids General principles and extraction of nucleic acids DNA by DPA method RNA by Orcinol method	4		
	Unit II: Nucleic acid structure and chemistry	15 Lectures		
Unit-II	 2a. Nucleic Acid Structure DNA stores genetic information DNA molecules have distinctive base composition DNA is a double helix DNA can occur in different 3D forms DNA sequences adopt unusual structures Many RNAs have complex 3D structures 2b. Nucleic acid chemistry Denaturation of double helical DNA and RNA Nucleic acid from different species can form hybrids Nucleotides and nucleic acids undergo non enzymatic transformations DNA methylation 2c. Other Functions of nucleotides 2d. Structures of chromosomes of eukaryotic cell 	15	15	
	Unit III. Microbial Taxonomy	15 Lectures		
Unit-III	3a. Introduction to microbial taxonomy Systems of classification(Cavalier Smith 6 kingdom) Bergey's manual The three domain concept based on phylogeny Nomenclature Taxonomic ranks	4	15	

	NI T		
	Numerical Taxonomy		
	3b. Methods of analysis used in classification:		
	Phenotypic analysis (Morphological characteristics,		
	Physiological and metabolic characteristics,	2	
	Biochemical characteristics, Ecological		
	characteristics, Fatty acid analysis)		
	3c. Genetic analysis		
	DNA-DNA hybridization		
	DNA profiling	,	
	Multilocus sequence analysis	4	
	G+C ratio		
	Genetic finger printing		
	3d. Amino acid sequencing	1	
	3e. Phylogenetic analysis	1	
	Nucleic acid sequencing		
	Analysis of individual genes	3	
	Multilocus gene sequence analysis	3	
	·		
ı	Whole genome sequence analysis 3f. Phylogenetic tree: Types	1	
	3i. Phylogenetic free. Types	1	
TICATO 202			Colf Ct. 1
USMB-302	Environmental Microbiology	2 Credits	Self Study
Theory		(45 lectures)	(45)
	Unit I: Air Microbiology	15 Lectures	
	1a. Aeromicrobiology:		
	Important airborne pathogens and toxins,		
	Aerosols, nature of bioaerosols, aeromicrobiological	7	
	pathway, microbial survival in the air, extramural	·	
Unit-I	aeromicrobiology, intramural aeromicrobiology		15
	1b. Sampling Devices for the Collection of Air Samples,		10
	Detection of microorganisms on fomites	3	
	1c. Air Sanitation	2	
		<u> </u>	
	TA AIR CHAIRN STANGARGE		
	1d. Air Quality Standards	3	
	Unit II : Fresh Water and Sewage Microbiology	3 15 lectures.	
	Unit II : Fresh Water and Sewage Microbiology Unit II (A) Fresh Water Microbiology: (7 Lect	3 15 lectures.	
	Unit II: Fresh Water and Sewage Microbiology Unit II (A) Fresh Water Microbiology: (7 Lect 2a. Fresh water environments and micro-organisms	3 15 lectures. tures)	
	Unit II : Fresh Water and Sewage Microbiology Unit II (A) Fresh Water Microbiology: (7 Lect	3 15 lectures.	
	Unit II: Fresh Water and Sewage Microbiology Unit II (A) Fresh Water Microbiology: (7 Lect 2a. Fresh water environments and micro-organisms found in Springs, rivers and streams, Lakes, marshes and bogs	3 15 lectures. tures)	
	Unit II: Fresh Water and Sewage Microbiology Unit II (A) Fresh Water Microbiology: (7 Lect 2a. Fresh water environments and micro-organisms found in Springs, rivers and streams, Lakes, marshes and bogs 2b. Potable water: Definition, water purification, water	3 15 lectures. tures)	
	Unit II: Fresh Water and Sewage Microbiology Unit II (A) Fresh Water Microbiology: (7 Lect 2a. Fresh water environments and micro-organisms found in Springs, rivers and streams, Lakes, marshes and bogs 2b. Potable water: Definition, water purification, water quality standards and pathogens transmitted	3 15 lectures. tures)	
	Unit II: Fresh Water and Sewage Microbiology Unit II (A) Fresh Water Microbiology: (7 Lect 2a. Fresh water environments and micro-organisms found in Springs, rivers and streams, Lakes, marshes and bogs 2b. Potable water: Definition, water purification, water quality standards and pathogens transmitted through water	3 15 lectures. tures)	
	Unit II: Fresh Water and Sewage Microbiology Unit II (A) Fresh Water Microbiology: (7 Lect 2a. Fresh water environments and micro-organisms found in Springs, rivers and streams, Lakes, marshes and bogs 2b. Potable water: Definition, water purification, water quality standards and pathogens transmitted through water 2c. Microbiological analysis of water:	3 15 lectures. tures)	
	Unit II: Fresh Water and Sewage Microbiology Unit II (A) Fresh Water Microbiology: (7 Lect 2a. Fresh water environments and micro-organisms found in Springs, rivers and streams, Lakes, marshes and bogs 2b. Potable water: Definition, water purification, water quality standards and pathogens transmitted through water 2c. Microbiological analysis of water: Indicator organisms and their detection in water-	3 15 lectures. tures) 3	
Unit-II	Unit II: Fresh Water and Sewage Microbiology Unit II (A) Fresh Water Microbiology: (7 Lect 2a. Fresh water environments and micro-organisms found in Springs, rivers and streams, Lakes, marshes and bogs 2b. Potable water: Definition, water purification, water quality standards and pathogens transmitted through water 2c. Microbiological analysis of water: Indicator organisms and their detection in water-Total Coliforms, Fecal Coliforms and <i>E. coli</i> , Fecal	3 15 lectures. tures)	15
Unit-II	Unit II: Fresh Water and Sewage Microbiology Unit II (A) Fresh Water Microbiology: (7 Lect 2a. Fresh water environments and micro-organisms found in Springs, rivers and streams, Lakes, marshes and bogs 2b. Potable water: Definition, water purification, water quality standards and pathogens transmitted through water 2c. Microbiological analysis of water: Indicator organisms and their detection in water-	3 15 lectures. tures) 3	15
Unit-II	Unit II: Fresh Water and Sewage Microbiology Unit II (A) Fresh Water Microbiology: (7 Lect 2a. Fresh water environments and micro-organisms found in Springs, rivers and streams, Lakes, marshes and bogs 2b. Potable water: Definition, water purification, water quality standards and pathogens transmitted through water 2c. Microbiological analysis of water: Indicator organisms and their detection in water-Total Coliforms, Fecal Coliforms and E. coli, Fecal Streptococci, Clostridium perfringens	3 15 lectures. tures) 3 2	15
Unit-II	Unit II: Fresh Water and Sewage Microbiology Unit II (A) Fresh Water Microbiology: (7 Lect 2a. Fresh water environments and micro-organisms found in Springs, rivers and streams, Lakes, marshes and bogs 2b. Potable water: Definition, water purification, water quality standards and pathogens transmitted through water 2c. Microbiological analysis of water: Indicator organisms and their detection in water-Total Coliforms, Fecal Coliforms and E. coli, Fecal Streptococci, Clostridium perfringens Unit II (B) Sewage Microbiology: (8 Lecture)	3 15 lectures. tures) 3 2	15
Unit-II	Unit II: Fresh Water and Sewage Microbiology Unit II (A) Fresh Water Microbiology: (7 Lect 2a. Fresh water environments and micro-organisms found in Springs, rivers and streams, Lakes, marshes and bogs 2b. Potable water: Definition, water purification, water quality standards and pathogens transmitted through water 2c. Microbiological analysis of water: Indicator organisms and their detection in water-Total Coliforms, Fecal Coliforms and E. coli, Fecal Streptococci, Clostridium perfringens Unit II (B) Sewage Microbiology: (8 Lecture 2d Modern Waste Water treatment: Primary, Secondary	3 15 lectures. tures) 3 2	15
Unit-II	Unit II: Fresh Water and Sewage Microbiology Unit II (A) Fresh Water Microbiology: (7 Lect 2a. Fresh water environments and micro-organisms found in Springs, rivers and streams, Lakes, marshes and bogs 2b. Potable water: Definition, water purification, water quality standards and pathogens transmitted through water 2c. Microbiological analysis of water: Indicator organisms and their detection in water- Total Coliforms, Fecal Coliforms and E. coli, Fecal Streptococci, Clostridium perfringens Unit II (B) Sewage Microbiology: (8 Lectur 2d Modern Waste Water treatment: Primary, Secondary and Tertiary Treatment . The	3 15 lectures. tures) 3 2 2 res)	15
Unit-II	Unit II : Fresh Water and Sewage Microbiology Unit II (A) Fresh Water Microbiology: (7 Lect 2a. Fresh water environments and micro-organisms found in Springs, rivers and streams, Lakes, marshes and bogs 2b. Potable water: Definition, water purification, water quality standards and pathogens transmitted through water 2c. Microbiological analysis of water: Indicator organisms and their detection in water-Total Coliforms, Fecal Coliforms and E. coli, Fecal Streptococci, Clostridium perfringens Unit II (B) Sewage Microbiology: (8 Lectur 2d Modern Waste Water treatment: Primary, Secondary and Tertiary Treatment 2e. nature of wastewater and Monitoring of waste water	3 15 lectures. tures) 3 2 2	15
Unit-II	Unit II : Fresh Water and Sewage Microbiology Unit II (A) Fresh Water Microbiology: (7 Lect 2a. Fresh water environments and micro-organisms found in Springs, rivers and streams, Lakes, marshes and bogs 2b. Potable water: Definition, water purification, water quality standards and pathogens transmitted through water 2c. Microbiological analysis of water: Indicator organisms and their detection in water- Total Coliforms, Fecal Coliforms and E. coli, Fecal Streptococci, Clostridium perfringens Unit II (B) Sewage Microbiology: (8 Lecture 2d Modern Waste Water treatment: Primary, Secondary and Tertiary Treatment 2e. nature of wastewater and Monitoring of waste water treatment process(BOD,COD)	3 15 lectures. tures) 3 2 2 res)	15
Unit-II	Unit II : Fresh Water and Sewage Microbiology Unit II (A) Fresh Water Microbiology: (7 Lect 2a. Fresh water environments and micro-organisms found in Springs, rivers and streams, Lakes, marshes and bogs 2b. Potable water: Definition, water purification, water quality standards and pathogens transmitted through water 2c. Microbiological analysis of water: Indicator organisms and their detection in water- Total Coliforms, Fecal Coliforms and E. coli, Fecal Streptococci, Clostridium perfringens Unit II (B) Sewage Microbiology: (8 Lectur 2d Modern Waste Water treatment: Primary, Secondary and Tertiary Treatment 2e. nature of wastewater and Monitoring of waste water treatment process(BOD,COD) 2f. Removal of Pathogens by Sewage treatment	3 15 lectures. tures) 3 2 2 res)	15
Unit-II	Unit II : Fresh Water and Sewage Microbiology Unit II (A) Fresh Water Microbiology: (7 Lect 2a. Fresh water environments and micro-organisms found in Springs, rivers and streams, Lakes, marshes and bogs 2b. Potable water: Definition, water purification, water quality standards and pathogens transmitted through water 2c. Microbiological analysis of water: Indicator organisms and their detection in water- Total Coliforms, Fecal Coliforms and E. coli, Fecal Streptococci, Clostridium perfringens Unit II (B) Sewage Microbiology: (8 Lecture 2d Modern Waste Water treatment: Primary, Secondary and Tertiary Treatment 2e. nature of wastewater and Monitoring of waste water treatment process(BOD,COD) 2f. Removal of Pathogens by Sewage treatment Processes	3 15 lectures. tures) 3 2 2 res) 1 2	15
Unit-II	Unit II : Fresh Water and Sewage Microbiology Unit II (A) Fresh Water Microbiology: (7 Lect 2a. Fresh water environments and micro-organisms found in Springs, rivers and streams, Lakes, marshes and bogs 2b. Potable water: Definition, water purification, water quality standards and pathogens transmitted through water 2c. Microbiological analysis of water: Indicator organisms and their detection in water- Total Coliforms, Fecal Coliforms and E. coli, Fecal Streptococci, Clostridium perfringens Unit II (B) Sewage Microbiology: (8 Lectur 2d Modern Waste Water treatment: Primary, Secondary and Tertiary Treatment 2e. nature of wastewater and Monitoring of waste water treatment process(BOD,COD) 2f. Removal of Pathogens by Sewage treatment	3 15 lectures. tures) 3 2 2 2 res) 1	15

	2i. Disposal of treated waste water and biosolids.	2	
Unit-III	Unit III: Soil and Geo Microbiology: 3a. Terrestrial Environment Soil- Definition, Composition, function, Textural triangle	15 lectures.	
	Types of soil microorganisms and their activities 3b. Methods of studying soil microorganisms: Sampling, Cultural methods, Physiological methods, Immunological methods, Nucleic acid based methods, Radioisotope techniques	5	15
	3c. Biogeochemical Cycles: Carbon cycle, Nitrogen cycle, Sulphur cycle, Phosphorus Cycle, Iron cycle	6	
	3d. Soil Bioremediation	2	
USMB-303 Option A Theory	Introduction to Clinical Microbiology	2 Credits (45 lectures)	Self Study (45)
	Basic Microbiology	15 lectures.	
	1a. Microbial World & you: Microbes in our lives Types of Microorganisms	2	
	Morphology and Physiology of Bacteria: Microscopy Staining – monochrome, differential and cytological Shape of Bacteria Bacterial Anatomy- Structure & function Growth and Multiplication of Bacteria Bacterial Growth Curve	5	
Unit-I	Culture Methods Methods of Isolating Pure Cultures Anaerobic Culture Methods (Anaerobic blood agar, Cooked meat media, Thioglycollate medium)	3	15
	Culture Media and Bacterial Growth Types of Media and examples of media like Nutrient agar, Sabouraud agar, MacConkeys agar. Study of morphological & cultural characteristics.	4	
	1e. Bacterial Taxonomy Nomenclature Type Cultures	1	
	Common infectious diseases, Epidemiology and	15 lectures.	
1	public health awareness	,	
	Part A: Common infectious diseases (10 Lect	ures)	
Unit-II	Skin Infections: Study of structure and functions of skin Study of skin infections caused by <i>Pseudomonas</i> , Acne & Measles	3	
	2b. Infections of Nervous system Study of structure and functions of nervous system Study of Tetanus & Rabies	2	15
	Infections of Respiratory systems Study of structure and function of respiratory system Study of pharyngitis, laryngitis, Sinusitis (learn terms only), Diphtheria and common cold	2	

Unit-I	Basics of Microbiology	15 lectures.	15
USMB-303 Option B Theory	Basic and Advanced Microbiology	2 Credits (45 lectures)	Self Study (45)
	3c. Safety in Clinical Microbiology Chemical safety Fire safety Electrical safety Handling of compressed gases: Exposure control plan: Employee education and orientation, Disposal of hazardous waste, Standard precautions, Engineering controls: Laboratory Environment, Biological safety cabinet, Personal protective equipment, Post exposure control Classification of biologic agents based on hazard	5	
Unit-III	3b. Disinfectants: Disinfection of surfaces and spillages Disinfection of safety cabinets Discard jars Disinfection of rooms Disinfection of skin Testing of disinfectants	4	15
	3a. Sterilization and disinfection Methods of sterilization: Dry heat: Hot air sterilizers Moist heat: Steaming at 100°C, Autoclave. Gas Sterilization: Ethylene oxide sterilizer, Gas plasma Sterilizing filters Sterilization by radiation	6	
	Control of Microorganisms & Safety in Clinical Microbiology	15 lectures.	
	2g. Public Health Measures For Control Of Disease: Control directed against reservoir, Transmission of the pathogens. Immunisation, Quarantine, Surveillance and pathogen eradication	2	
	2f. The Spread of Infection: Reservoirs of infection - Human reservoir, Animal reservoir, non-living reservoir Transmission of Disease- Contact transmission, Vehicle Transmission and vectors	2	
	2e. The Epidemiology of Infectious Diseases and Their Control Epidemiological terminology: Epidemiology, sporadic diseases, endemic diseases, Hyperendemic Diseases, Epidemic Diseases, Index Case, Pandemic Disease, Outbreak	1	
	Part B: Epidemiology and Public Health Awareness	(5 Lectures)	
	2d. Infections of Digestive system Study of structure and function of Digestive system Study of Typhoid fever, <i>E. coli</i> gastroenteritis, Hepatitis A, Rotavirus and Amoebiasis	3	

	1a. Major fields of Microbiology	1	
	1b. Members of microbial world	2	
	Size, shape, arrangement and prokaryotic cell structure	2	
	1c. Microscopy :Bright field and dark field	1	
	1d. Staining differential and cytological	1	
	1e. Microbial nutrition	2	
	1f. Culture media	1	
	1g. Growth curve	2	
	1h. Measurement of growth	3	
	1i. Effect of pH, temperature ,O ₂ on growth	2	
	Dhysical and shaminal agents for Microbial Control	151	
	Physical and chemical agents for Microbial Control	15 lectures.	
	2a. Controlling Micro-organisms:		
	Relative resistance of microbial forms;	3	
	Terminology and methods of Microbial control;		
	Microbial death and factors that affect death rate;		
	2b. Antimicrobial agents and their modes of action	1	
	2c. Methods of Physical Control and their applications:		
	Heat, Cold, Desiccation ,Osmotic Pressure,	5	
Unit-II	Radiation and Filtration		15
	2d. Chemical agents in Microbial Control:		
	Choosing a Microbicidal chemical;		
	Factors that affect the germicidal activity of chemicals		
	Germicidal chemical compounds: their modes of		
	action and applications(Halogens, phenolic	6	
	compounds, alcohols, hydrogen peroxide,		
	aldehydes, Gases, detergents and soaps, heavy		
	metals, dyes, acids, alkalis, , Quaternary Ammonium		
	compounds)		
		T	
	Basic r DNA technology and Bioinformatics	15 lectures.	
	3a. Recombinant DNA Technology:		
	Historical Perspectives		
	Techniques used in r DNA technology		
	Synthetic DNA		
	The Polymerase Chain Reaction		
	Gel Electrophoresis	10	
	Cloning vectors and creating Recombinant DNA	10	
	Construction of Genomic Libraries		
	Inserting Recombinant DNA into Host cells		
	Expressing Foreign Genes in Host cells		
TI *4 TTT	Social Impacts of Recombinant DNA		1.7
Unit-III	<u> </u>		15
	Introduction		
	Definition, aims, tasks and applications of		
	Bioinformatics.		
	Bioinformatics. Database, tools and their uses -		
	Bioinformatics. Database, tools and their uses - Importance, Types and classification of	5	
	Bioinformatics. Database, tools and their uses - Importance, Types and classification of databases	5	
	Bioinformatics. Database, tools and their uses - Importance, Types and classification of databases Nucleic acid sequence databases- EMBL,	5	
	Bioinformatics. Database, tools and their uses - Importance, Types and classification of databases Nucleic acid sequence databases- EMBL, DDBJ, GenBank,	5	
	Bioinformatics. Database, tools and their uses - Importance, Types and classification of databases Nucleic acid sequence databases- EMBL,	5	
Unit-III	Technology Applications of Genetic Engineering 3b. Bioinformatics Introduction		15

		1	
	Different terminologies – Transcriptome,		
	Metabolomics, Pharmacogenomics, Phylogenetic analysis, Phylogenetic tree,		
	Annotation,. Sequence alignment—(global,		
	local), FASTA, BLAST. Genomics (structural,		
	functional and comparative genomics),		
	Proteomics (structural and functional		
	proteomics)		
			Notional
USMBP-3	PRACTICALS	2 Credits	Notional Periods
Section-1	Biomolecules and Microbial taxor	•	
	(Practicals Based On Unit-I,II & III Of U	SMB-301	
Unit-I	 Estimation of total sugar by Anthrone 		
	method(Demo)		
	Estimation of reducing sugar by DNSA method		
	3. Estimation of reducing method by Felhing's method		
	Estimation of protein Biuret method (indirect and		
	direct)	1 Credit	Self Study
	Extraction of lipid by Soxhlet method	(45 lectures)	(45)
	(Demonstration)	(ie rectares)	, ,
Unit-II	6. Isolation and detection of DNA from onion / E.coli		
	Estimation of DNA by DPA method		
	Estimation of RNA by Orcinol method		
Unit-III	Identification of bacteria		
Cootion 0	Environmental Microbiology		
Section-2	(Practicals Based On Unit-I,II & III Of Us	SMB-302	
Unit-I	1. Enumeration of microorganisms in air and study of		
	its load after fumigation		
	Study of air microflora and determination of		
	sedimentation rate		
Unit-II	Routine analysis of water:		
	a. Standard Plate Count		
	 b. Detection of Coliforms in water: Presumptive 		
	Test, Confirmed Test and Completed Test		
	c. Rapid Detection of E.coli by MUG Technique		
	(Demonstration)		
	Waste water analysis:	4.00	
	 a. Study of microbial flora in raw and treated 	1 Credit	Self Study
	sewage	(45 lectures)	(45)
	b. Determination of total solids in wastewater		
** ** ***	c. Determination of BOD and COD of wastewater	-	
Unit-III	5. Total viable count of soil microflora		
	6. Isolation of bacteria, Actinomycetes and fungi from		
	SOII 7 Enrichment and isolation of Nitrocifiers Nitrifiers		
	7. Enrichment and isolation of Nitrosifiers, Nitrifiers,		
	Cellulose degraders, Sulphate reducers and Phosphate solubilisers from soil		
	•		
	•		
	Visit to a sewage treatment plant or water purification plant		
Section-3	Option A: Introduction to Clinical Micr	obiology	
Option A	(Practicals Based On Unit-I,II & III Of USMB-3		
Unit-I	1 Study of different parts of a compound Microscope.		0.16.5
~ I	2 Monochrome staining of bacterial smear.	1 Credit	Self Study
	. J	1	

	3 Gram staining of bacterial smear.	(45 lootumes)	(45)
	4 To study the growth of yeast on the Sabouraud	(45 lectures)	(43)
	agar		
	To study the growth of lactose fermentor and non		
	lactose fermentors on the MacConkey's agar		
Unit-II	5 Isolation of <i>Pseudomonas</i> , <i>Escherichia coli and S.</i>	_	
Omt-m	typhi		
	l		
	, , isolgimism sin in resiman isola si simili respirately		
	system/ nervous system / digestive system, ii.		
	Immunization programmes in India (role of CDC, WHO, ICMR, NICD, NAARI)		
Unit-III	8 Determination of MIC of a chemical disinfectant		
	9 AST-Kirby method		
	10 Effect of UV		
Section-3	Option B: Basic and Advanced Micr	ohiology	
Option B	(Practicals Based On Unit-I,II & III Of USMB-		
Unit-I	Aseptic transfer techniques		
OIIIt-I	2 Methods of inoculation		
	3 Isolation of culture on Nutrient agar and		
	MacConkey's agar		
	4 Gram staining		
	5 Viable count (demonstration)		
Unit-II	6 Introduction to Safety Measures in the Laboratory :	_	
UIIII-II	Disinfection and discarding techniques in the		
	Laboratory		
	7 Method of preparation and sterilization of		
	glassware and other material		
	8 Effect of Osmotic pressure, Heavy metals on		
	bacteria		
	9 To study the sensitivity of micro-organisms to		
	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	1 Credit	Self Study
TI .º4 TIT	chemotherapeutic agents by disc inhibition method	_	
Unit-III	10 Isolation of plasmid (demonstration) 11 Restriction digestion (demonstration)	(45 lectures)	(45)
	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,		
	12 Visiting & exploring NCBI and EMBL websitesa) Using BLAST and FASTA for sequence		
	, ,		
	analysis		
	b) Fish out homologs for given specific sequences		
	(by teacher – decide sequence of some		
	relevance to their syllabus and related to some		
	biological problem e.g. evolution of a specific		
	protein in bacteria, predicting function of		
	unknown protein from a new organism based		
	on its homology)		
	c) Pair-wise alignment and multiple alignment of a		
	given protein sequences		
	d) Formation of phylogenetic tree		

REFERENCES: USMB 301

- 1. Methods In Microbiology, Vol.5B, Ed. Norris & Ribbon, Academic Press
- 2. A handbook book of Organic analysis: qualitative and quantitative 4th edition, Hans Thacher Clarke, CBS publishers & distributors , New Delhi.
- 3. Laboratory Manual in Biochemistry, J. Jayaraman, (2003) New Age International

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S.Y.B.Sc Microbiology: Detailed Syllabus Revised for Credit Based Semester & Grading System To be implemented from the academic year 2017-18

SEMESTER IV			
Course Code	Title	Credits	Notional Periods
USMB-401 Theory	Metabolism & Basic Analytical Techniques	2 Credits (45 lectures)	Self Study (45)
	Introduction To Metabolism & Bioenergetics	15 Lectures	
	1a Introduction to metabolism, Metabolic pathways	2	
	1b Organic reaction mechanism	3	
Unit-I	1c Experimental approaches to study metabolism 1d Thermodynamics of Phosphate compounds 1e Oxidation-reduction reactions 1f Thermodynamics of life	10	15
	Function Vination	15 Looturos	
	Enzyme Kinetics 2a. Introduction of Enzymes:	15 Lectures	
	General properties of enzymes How do enzymes accelerate reaction Rate law for a simple catalysed reaction, Michaelis-Menten equation and it's derivation Lineweaver Bruck plot Classification of enzymes	6	
Unit-II	2b. Overview of Coenzyme: Coenzymes: Different types and reactions catalyzed by coenzymes (in tabular form) Nicotinic acid: structure, occurrence & biochemical function	2	15
	2c. Enzyme Kinetics: Saturation kinetics Effect of temperature and pH Effect of Inhibitors- Reversible and irreversible, competitive, Non competitive and uncompetitive inhibitors Multisubstrate reactions- Ordered, Random and pingpong reactions Allosteric effects in enzyme catalysed reactions- Koshland-Nemethy and Filmer model & Monod, Wyman and Changeux model	7	
	Analytical techniques	15 Lectures	
	3a.Chromatography	10 Lectures	
Unit-III	Introduction to chromatography, types of chromatography Paper chromatography:Principle, circular, ascending and descending Paper Chromatography, Separation of amino acids and monosaccharides by Paper Chromatography. Thin layer chromatography: principle, preparation of TLC plates, procedure for TLC, preparative TLC, 2D TLC [one paragraph], HPTLC-[1 page],	8	15

	Consession of amino oxide and augure by TLC	<u> </u>	
	Separation of amino acids and sugars by TLC.		
	Column chromatography : Introduction & principle		
	Exclusion chromatography, gel chromatography 3b. Centrifugation		
	Introduction : basic principles of sedimentation		
	Types, care and safety aspects of centrifuges, types		
	of rotors, care and maintenance, safety &	5	
	centrifugation	3	
	Preparative centrifugation & its applications,		
	Analytical centrifugation and its application		
	3c. Electrophoresis		
	General principles, support media –agarose gels,	2	
	polyacrylamide gels	_	
	polyacijiamiao gele		
USMB-402		2 Credits	Self Study
Theory	Applied Microbiology	(45 lectures)	(45)
1110013	Host defence and public health (Epidemiology of	15 lectures	ν - γ
1	infectious diseases)	10 10000105	
l	Innate immunity and immune system (11 Lect	ures)	
l	1a. Classification of immune system (innate immunity &		
	acquired immunity)	2	
	1b. Physical barriers in non specific innate resistance		
	revision.Chemical barriers (Complement: principle &	4	
	significance (no pathway), Cytokines: interferon,	4	
	antimicrobialpeptides, bacteriocins		
	1c. Cells of immune sytem:		
Unit-I	Haematopoiesis,lymphocyctes, monocytes &	2	
	macrophages, granulocytes, mast cells, dendritic	2	
	cells & NK cells		
	1d.Phagocytosis & Inflammation	3	
	Epidemiology of infectious diseases (4 Lectu	ires)	
	1e.Tools of epidemiology, recognition of an infectious	4	
	disease in population	7	
	1f. Spread of infection: Reservoirs and transmissions.		
	Nosocomial infections: Micro organism in hospital,	4	
	compromised host, chain of transmission, control of		
	nosocomial infection.		
	Food Microbiology	15.1	
	Food Microbiology	15 lectures.	
	2a. Introduction, Food as a substrate for microorganism		
	a. pH, aw, O-R potential b. Nutrient Content		
		2	
#T */ ##	c. Accessory food substances		1.7
Unit-II	d. Inhibitory substances & biological structure		15
	e. Combined effects of factors affecting growth 2b. Food Control		
	Enforcement & Control Agency: International agencies, Federal agencies (FDA, USDA),	1	
	FSSAI[website], Introduction to HACCP		
	1 John [website], introduction to HACCI		

	2.c Important Microorganisms in Food Microbiology: General characteristics of the enlisted organisms to be studied wrt spoilage and transmission of infection/intoxication (no clinical features and structural details) A. Spoilage -causing microorganisms a. Yeast & Molds: Saccharomyces, Aspergillus & Penicillium b. Bacteria: Bacillus, Clostridium, Flavobacterium, Pseudomonas B. Food-borne Illness associated Microorganisms: Classification of Food-borne diseases (Schematic). Bacteria responsible for food -borne intoxication and infections-overview/tabulation. Examples of non-bacterial food-borne pathogens Details of: a) Staphylococcus food intoxication (organism, enterotoxin, incidence, foods involved, prevention of outbreaks) b) Salmonellosis (organism, source, incidence, foods involved, outbreak-conditions & prevention)	5	
	2d. Food Spoilage, General Principles of spoilage of: a. Fruits and vegetables b. Meat (including spoilage under aerobic & anaerobic conditions- exclude spoilage of different kinds of meats) c. Canned foods	3	
	2e. General Principles of Food Preservation: a. Preservation using High temperature (including TDT, D, F, Z values, 12D concept), principle of canning b. Low temperature c. Drying d. Food preservatives (organic acids & their salts, Sugar & salt) e. Ionizing radiations	4	
	2f. Methods of microbial examination of foods: a. Homogenization of food samples b. Methods- SPC, spiral plater, membrane filters, dry films, surface examination-swab rinse & contact plate methods. c. Enlist the following methods giving their application only- Impedance, microcalometry, thermostable nuclease, LAL test, PCR, ATP, whole animal assay, Ligate loop technique	3	
		1.71	
Unit-III	Dairy Microbiology 3a. Raw and fluid milk products Pasteurization & Ultra-pasteurization 3b. Concentrated and dry milk, whey	15 lectures. 2 2	15
	3c. Microbiology of butter 3d. Fermented milk: Yogurt, cultured buttermilk and fermented milk in India	3	

	3e. Cheese: Cheddar, Cottage, Processed Cheese,		
	Cheese Defects. Enlist other cheese and associated microorganisms	4	
	3g. Microbiological Quality of Milk & Milk Products: SPC, coliform count, LPC, thermophilic, psychrophilic counts and RPT (RRT, MBRT, DMC)	3	
USMB-403 Option A Theory	Fermented Foods, Food Sanitation and Microbial Ecology	2 Credits (45 lectures)	Self Study (45)
	Fermented Foods	15 lectures.	
	Microorganisms used in food fermentations: yeasts, molds and lactic acid bacteria	2	
Unit-I	1b. Microbiology of fermented food: bread, cheese, idli butter, yogurt, soy products, tea, coffee and cocoa,	4	15
	1c. Fermented beverages: beer, wine	4	
	1d. Food ingredients of microbial origin: SCP, amino acids, vitamins, colours, nutraceuticals and flavours	3	
	1e. Probiotics and intestinal bacteria	2	
		<u> </u>	
	Food Sanitation	15 lectures.	
	2a. Food Sanitation & Hygiene: Water, potable water, Sources of contamination of water, treatment of water, pesticide residue	4	
	2b. Food, Food Handling, Food contamination, equipment, Control of insects & Rodents, Practical rules for good sanitation.	3	
Unit-II	2c. Food borne diseases	3	15
	2d. Toxins from plants, toxins from animals, Mycotoxins, Toxic Agricultural Residues, Poisoning by chemicals, Food poisoning by bacteria, Food infections, other infection.	3	
	2e. Food laws and food adulteration	1	
	2f. Consumer protection & consumer guidance society	1	
	,	<u>. </u>	
	Microbial evolution and ecology	15 lectures.	
Unit-III	3a. Microbial evolution: formation and early history of earth, origin of cellular life, microbial diversification, endosymbiotic origin of eukaryotes	5	
	3b. Microbial ecosystems: Principles of microbial ecology, the microbial habitats, fresh water ,soil and plant microbial ecosystems, marine microbial ecosystems	7	15
	3c. Microbial Ecology and its Methods - An Overview	3	
USMB-403	Advances & Applications Of Microbiology and Soft Skills	2 Credits	Self Study

Option B Theory		(45 lectures)	(45)
Unit-I	Nanobiotechnology, Biofilms and biosensors with applications	15 lectures.	
	1a. Nanobiotechnology Introduction of Nanobiotechnology & application in drug and gene delivery Types of nanomatrials- nanoparticles, nanocapsules, nanotubes, liposomes, nanogels, Dendrimers, Gold nanoparticles.(Definition and applications)	8	15
	1.b Biofilms and biosensors with applications: Biosensors: Introduction, design, working and applications of biosensors Biofilms: Introduction of biofilms, Types of biofilms, Mechanism of formation of biofilms and applications of biofilms.	7	
	Scientific writing, research methodology and Biostatistics	15 lectures.	
Unit-II	2.a Perception of Research Meaning of research P M Cook's definition of Research General characteristics of research Functions of research Specific characteristics of research Objectives of research Classification of research Steps of action research Characteristics of an investigator Difference between action research and fundamental research	5	15
	2b. Scientific Writing The research report Need of research report General format of research report Mechanics of report writing Writing research abstract: Need of an Abstract Format of an abstract and Characteristics of a good abstract Writing research papers: Format of a research paper ,Advantages of a research paper	5	
	2c Basics of Biostatistics Introduction to Biostatistics Sample and Population Data presentation: Dot diagram, Bar diagram, Histogram, Frequency curve. Central Tendency: Mean, Median, Mode Summation, notations. Standard Deviation, Variance, Q-Test, t-Test	5	
	Piofortilisor PioPostinido Pioromodiation	15 lootywas	
	Biofertiliser, BioPesticide , Bioremediation 3a. Biofertiliser	15 lectures.	
Unit-III	Introduction of Biofertilizers. Different types of biofertilizers Mass production of Biofertilizers Application of Biofertilizers	8	15

	Azolla as cattle feed List of Biofertilizer production units Constraints in Biofertilizer Technology Biofertilizer strains developed 3b. Biopesticides Introduction of biopesticides Types of Biopesticides Basic requirements for establishment of Biopesticide units Technical Aspects of Biopesticides Major biopesticides produced and used in India	3	
	Biopesticides produced and used in India Biopesticide formulations 3c. Bioremediation Introduction Principle of Bioremediation Factors affecting Bioremediation Microbial Populations used for Bioremediation processes Bioremediation strategies Advantages & Disadvantages of Bioremediation	4	
USMBP-4	PRACTICALS	2 Credits	
SECTION-1	Metabolism & Basic Analytical Techniques (Practicals Based On Unit-I,II & III Of USMB-401		
Unit-I	Problems on bioenergetics to calculate the Keq.; Gibbs energy , enthalpy, etc		
Unit-III	 Isolation of amylase, protease, lipase producers. Extracellular production of invertase from yeast. Effect of pH, Temp, substrate and enzyme concentration on activity of invertase. Determination of Km and Vmax of an enzyme. Separation and identification of amino acids and 	1 Credit (45 lectures)	Self Study (45)
	sugars by ascending paper chromatography. 7. Sizing Yeast cells 8. Electrophoresis & centrifuge machine [D]		
Section-2	Applied Microbiology (Practicals Based On Unit-I,II & III Of USMB-402		
Unit-I	 Differential staining:Blood staning Isolation of organism from fomites. Pyocin typing Phagocytosis (demonstration) Selective isolation of Staphylococcus & Pseudomonas sp 		
Unit-III	6. Isolation of food spoilage agent: a) Fruit/Vegetable- Physical & Microscopic & Pectinolytic agent b) Meat - Proteolytic, lipolytic, sacchrolytic 7. Determination of TDT and TDP 8. Determination of Salt and sugar tolerance 9. Determination of MIC of a Chemical preservative 10. Visit to Food/Dairy industry 11. RPT of Milk— RRT, MBRT, DMC 12. Microbiological Quality Control of Milk as per	1 Credit (45 lectures)	Self Study (45)
	BIS/FSSSAI 13. Analysis of Cheese, Paneer, Butter, Yogurt/curd as		

	per BIS/FSSAI (Group experiment)				
Section- 3 Option A	Fermented Foods, Food Sanitation and Microbial Ecology (Practicals Based On Unit-I,II & III Of USMB-403 Option A				
Unit-I	 Wine and Bread making Isolation of lactic acid bacteria from fermented food-eg Idli, curd 	1 Credit	Self Study (45)		
Unit-II	3. Isolation of Staphylococcus aureus from sweets and demonstrating its virulence. 4. Food adulteration (45 lectures)				
Unit-III	5. Winogradskys Column of an aquatic ecosystem				
α •					
Section-3 Option B	Advances, Applications Of Microbiology and Soft Skills (Practicals Based On Unit-I,II & III Of USMB-403 Option B				
		1 Cuadit	Colf Ctudy		
Option B	 (Practicals Based On Unit-I,II & III Of USMB-403 Option B 1. Study of biofilm: slide immersion tech and staining 2. Preparation of nano particles and study their 	1 Credit (45 lectures)	Self Study (45)		

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- 3. Lehninger- Principles of Biochemistry- David Nelson, Michael Cox. 4th edition W.H. Freeman & Company[Low price edition- for sale in India, Pakistan, Sri Lanka, Bangladesh, Nepal & Bhutan]
- 4. Instrumental Methods of chemical analysis, V.K. Ahluwalia, Ane Books Pvt.Ltd; 2015.
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- 7. Outlines of Biochemistry. E.E. Conn & P.K.Stumpf ,G. Bruening, R.N.Doi. 5th Edition, John Wiley and sons

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- 2. Food Microbiology An Introduction by Montville and Mathews, (2008), ASM Press
- 3. Industrial Microbiology by Waites and Morgan, Blackwell Science
- 4. Modern Industrial Microbiology and Biotechnology by Nduka Okafor, (2007), Science Publishers.
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- 2. Text book of Biotechnology by R C Dubey. 4th edition
- 3. Current Research, Technology & Education Topics in Applied Microbiology & Microbial Biotechnology. A Mendez Vilas Edition
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- 6. www.ianetwerk.nl Biofilm as New Biomaterial
- 7. Research Methodology, Yogesh Kumar Singh, New age International Publisher
- 9. Biostatistics. P.N. Arora, P.K. Malhan. Himalaya Publishing House.
- 8. Methods in biostatistics for medical & research workers. 6th edition. B.K. Mahajan. Jaypee brothers, Medical Publishers (P) ltd.
- 9. agritech.tnau.ac.in/org_farm/orgfarm_biofertilizertechnology.html
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- 11. Biopesticide Formulations, Possibility of Application and Future TrendsSlavica Gašić and Brankica Tanović, Pestic. Phytomed. (Belgrade), 28(2), 2013, 97–102 Review paper
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MODALITY OF ASSESSMENT

Theory Examination Pattern:

Semester End Theory Assessment - 100% Total Marks for Every Paper: 100 Marks

Duration: 3 hrs Total No of Questions: 5

Question No	Maximum Marks	Units Covered	Nature of Q	Internal Options	Example
1	20	All	Objective	None	all
2	20	All	Subjective	60%	4 out of 6
3	20	Unit 1	Subjective	100%	2 out of 4
4	20	Unit 2	Subjective	100%	Or 3 out of 6 Or 4 out of 8
5	20	Unit 3	Subjective	100%	Or 5 out of 10 etc

PRACTICAL EXAMINATION PATTERN

Semester end practical examination):- 50 Marks Per Section

Section-I based on course-1, Section-II based on course-2 & Section-III based on course-3 Option A or Option

Sr.No.	Particulars		Marks	Total
1.	Laboratory	work (Section-I, II, III A or B)	40 + 40 + 40) = 120
2.	Journal	(Section-I, II, III A or B)	05 + 05 + 05	5 = 015
3.	Viva	(Section-I, II, III A or B)	05 + 05 + 05	5 = 015
		Grand Total	50 + 50 + 50) = 150

PRACTICAL BOOK / JOURNAL

Semester III & IV

For each semester end practical Examination, students are required to present a duly certified journal for appearing at the practical examination, failing which they will not be allowed to appear for the examination.

In case of loss of Journal and/ or Report, a Lost Certificate should be obtained from Head/ Co-ordinator / In-charge of the department; failing which the student will not be allowed to appear for the practical examination.

Overall Examination and Marks Distribution Pattern

Semester III

Course	USMB- 301	USMB- 302	USMB- 303 Option A		USMB- 303 Option B	
	External	External	External	0	External	Total
Theory	100	100	100	R	100	300
Practical	50	50	50		50	150

Semester IV

Course	USMB- 401	USMB- 402	USMB- 403 Option A		USMB- 303 Option B	
	External	External	External	0	External	Total
Theory	100	100	100	R	100	300
Practical	50	50	50		50	150